



**LOUISIANA
BOARD OF PARDONS**

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Date: February 19, 2013
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BOARD POLICY

SUBJECT: TIME MUST BE SERVED IF REVOKED

PURPOSE: To define the period of incarceration that an offender must serve if the offender's regular parole or good time parole is revoked.

AUTHORITY: LAC Title 22, Part XI, Chapter 13; La. R.S. 15:574.2

POLICY:

It is the policy of the Committee on Parole to rely on the Department of Public Safety and Corrections (DPS&C) to compute an offender's sentence as well as to award an offender good time credit in accordance with applicable state laws and as provided by DPS&C regulations.

PROCEDURES:

- A. Offenders whose good time parole supervision or regular parole supervision is revoked by the Committee on Parole on or after January 1, 1992, shall receive good time on the jail credit awarded in accordance with La. R.S. 15:574.9(E).
- B. An offender returned to incarceration for a parole violation that does not include a new sentence for a felony offense will be returned to serve the remainder of the original sentence as of the date of his release on supervision pursuant to La.R.S.15:571.5. An offender may receive flat credit for good behavior while on parole supervision. Such credit may be awarded from the date of release on parole supervision until the date a warrant or detainer that causes revocation is issued by the Committee on Parole, pursuant to Act 792 of the 2010 regular legislative session.
- C. An offender who has been granted parole by the committee before August 15, 1997 for a crime committed on or after July 26, 1972, and who has been revoked for violating the terms of parole granted by the Committee, shall forfeit all good time earned on that portion of the sentence served prior to the granting of parole, up to a maximum of 180 days.
- D. Notwithstanding the provisions of La. R.S. 15:574.9(B)(2)(a), an offender's good time parole supervision or regular parole supervision may be revoked by the Committee on Parole for violating technical conditions of his supervision. The remaining portion of the parole sentence shall begin on the revocation date as determined by the Committee.

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- E. An offender who has been granted a regular parole or an IMPACT parole on or after August 15, 1997, and whose parole is revoked by the Committee on Parole for any reason, shall forfeit good time earned prior to parole as required by R.S. 15:571.4 and 15:574.4.2.
- F. An offender returned to incarceration as a parole violator who has received a new sentence for a felony offense while on parole shall serve the remaining portion of the parole sentence consecutively or concurrently, as ordered by the court. The remaining portion of the parole sentence shall not begin prior to the imposition of the new felony sentence.
- G. The Committee accepts the official master prison record as issued by the Louisiana Department of Public Safety and Corrections in determining when sentences are concurrent or consecutive.

SHERYL M. RANATZA, CHAIRMAN